

# QUESTIONNAIRE ON THE USE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY IN THE OPERATION OF THE SERVICE CONVENTION

#### Objectives of the Questionnaire

As its March 2019 meeting, the Council on General Affairs and Policy of the HCCH mandated the Permanent Bureau (PB) to conduct work with respect to the development of an electronic system to support and improve the operation of both the HCCH Convention of 15 November 1965 on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters (Service Convention) and the HCCH Convention of 18 March 1970 on the Taking of Evidence Abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters (Evidence Convention).

This Questionnaire is being circulated with a view to preparing an update for the Council at its 2020 meeting. As mandated by Council in Conclusion & Recommendation No 40, the update will address the following issues: whether and how information technology would support and improve the operation of the Convention; current practices on the electronic transmission of requests under the Convention; legal and technological barriers to such transmission and how best to address these; and how a possible international system for electronic transmission would be financed.

The objective of this Questionnaire is therefore to collect information from Contracting Parties to the Service Convention relating to current laws and practices, as well as legal and technical challenges.

#### Instructions for completion

This Questionnaire is being sent to Central Authorities of Contracting Parties to the Service Convention, as well as National and Contact Organs of Members of the HCCH. For Members, National Organs are invited to coordinate with Central Authorities, if applicable. Central Authorities are also asked to coordinate as appropriate with other competent authorities. For Contracting Parties to the Convention which are not HCCH Members, Central Authorities are ultimately responsible for submitting the completed Questionnaire to the PB.

We kindly request that responses to this Questionnaire are completed at this link no later than **Friday 29 November 2019**, **5.00 p.m. CET**.

This questionnaire is divided into three Parts:

Part 1 relates to the use of information technology under the Service Convention;

**Part 2** relates to statistical information in relation to requests for service abroad under both the Convention and other methods/instruments;

**Part 3** relates to the Practical Information provided on the HCCH website, including contact details for the relevant authorities under the Service Convention.

States are invited to complete as many Parts of the questionnaire as possible. Even where Your State is not a Contracting Party to the Convention, you are invited to complete as much of the questionnaire as possible (e.g. Part 2), with the data available.

For your information, where a question requires an answer that is an estimated percentage, please round your estimate down. Where a question requires specific data for a given year or category, please answer providing as much data as is available, even if incomplete.

In this questionnaire, reference is made to the following terms, as defined below:

**Distributed ledger technology (DLT):** A database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction by achieving consensus on its authenticity. Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well-known of the various forms of DLT.

**Electronic case management system**: A system that enables casework and related workflows to be followed and managed through electronic communication of information between the individuals concerned (incl. staff, as well as parties and their representatives in some cases).

The PB intends to present information collected in these responses to the Questionnaire to the Council on General Affairs and Policy at its 2020 meeting. Information collected in these responses may also be posted on the HCCH website (<a href="www.hcch.net">www.hcch.net</a>), except where expressly asked not to do so. Please therefore clearly identify any responses which you do not want to be made publicly available.

Thank you for your kind co-operation as the PB prepares for future work on the use of information technology under the Service Convention.

### Please note:

- You can save your response to this Questionnaire at any time by pressing the "resume later" button on the bottom left-hand corner of your screen. You will be asked to create a name and password which you will then need to re-enter when you wish to resume your response.
- If you wish to return to a previous question when completing this Questionnaire, you should press the 'previous' button at the bottom of the page and not the back button in your web browser.

Identification for follow-up only		
(this information will not be published on the HCCH website):		
NAME of STATE or territorial unit:	Canada	
Name of contact person:	Valérie Simard	
Name of Authority / Office:	Justice Canada	
Telephone number:	613-957-1224	
E-mail address:	Please insert text herevalerie.simard@justice.gc.ca	

# PART 1: USE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY UNDER THE SERVICE CONVENTION

General	
1.1 To what extent is Your State in favour of the use of information technology to facilitate the operation of the Service Convention?	<ul> <li>Strongly in favour</li> <li>Somewhat in favour</li> <li>Neutral</li> <li>Somewhat against</li> <li>Strongly against</li> </ul> Comments: Canada is not against the use of information teshnology (IT) to facilitate the operation of the Service Convention but notes that the use of IT may have cost implications as further set out below. Le Canada n'est pas contre l'utilisation de la technologie de l'information (TI) pour faciliter l'application de la Convention Notification, mais il note que l'utilisation de la TI peut avoir des répercussions sur les coûts, comme il est
1.2 Is the <b>transmission</b> by electronic	expliqué ci-dessous.  Yes
means of requests for service possible under the internal law of Your State?	Please provide the specific provision/s:  No
	Comments: There appears to be no legal limitation with respect to the transmission of requests under Article 3 from Canadian forwarding authorities to foreign Central Authorities (CAs). With respect to the transmission of requests from foreign forwarding authorities to Canadian Central Authorities, there may be practical limitations for the reception of such requests (e.g. the cost that may have to be borne by CAs to print the documents to be served). In addition, some Canadian CAs require prepayment under Article 12 in the form of a cheque. If requests were received electronically, they would have to set up a system to receive electronic payment.

	Il ne semble pas y avoir de limite légale en ce qui concerne la transmission des demandes en vertu de l'article 3 par les autorités expéditrices canadiennes aux Autorités centrales (AC) étrangères. En ce qui concerne la transmission des demandes des autorités expéditrices étrangères aux Autorités centrales canadiennes, il peut y avoir des limites pratiques à la réception de telles demandes (p. ex. le coût qui peut être assumé par les AC pour imprimer les documents à signifier). De plus, certaines AC canadiennes exigent un paiement anticipé sous forme de chèque en vertu de l'article 12. Si les demandes étaient reçues par voie électronique, il faudrait mettre en place un système pour recevoir les paiements électroniques.
1.3 Is the execution by electronic means of requests for service possible under the internal law of Your State?	Please provide the specific provision/s:  No  Comments: The service in Canada of foreign judicial documents through electronic means would not in itself be inconsistent with Canadian laws. However, it could give rise to subsequent difficulties with respect to the recognition and enforcement of an ensuing foreign Judgment. Moreover, even if there is no legal in pediment to serving these documents electronically, Canadian central authorities currently may not be in a position to certify such service under Article 6 of the Convention.  La signification ou la notification au Canada d'actes judiciaires étrangers par voie électronique ne serait pas en soi incompatible avec les lois canadiennes. Toutefois, elles pourraient donner lieu à des difficultés ultérieures en ce qui concerne la reconnaissance et l'exécution d'un jugement étranger subséquent. De plus, même s'il n'existe aucun obstacle juridique à la signification ou à la notification de ces actes par voie électronique, les autorités centrales canadiennes pourraient actuellement ne pas être en mesure de certifier cette signification ou notification en vertu de l'article 6 de la Convention.
1.4 Is Your State party to any bilateral or multilateral agreements, other than the Service Convention, which provide for the use electronic means in the transmission or execution of requests for service?	<ul><li>☐ Yes</li><li>Please provide the specific provision/s:</li><li>☑ No</li><li>Comments:</li></ul>
1.5 Has Your State encountered any challenges regarding the use of information technology to facilitate	☐ No ☐ Yes:

	the operation of the Service Convention?	Internal law limitations
	convention.	Judicial or administrative structures
	(Please select all that apply)	Implementation challenges
		(e.g. lack of resources)
		Costs
		Selection of the appropriate technology
		System interoperability / compatibility
		Security concerns
		Cooperation with other Contracting Parties
		Other challenges
		Please specify: Canadian governmental
		authorities are not typically involved in the transmission
		of documents abroad under the Convention. Where the Convention applies, requests for service are transmitted
		by a Canadian forwarding authority, usually a lawyer in
		private practice. We are not aware of any issues
		experienced by Canadian forwarding authorities with
		respect to the use of IT and the operation of the Convention. We are also not aware of their practice, if
		any, with respect to the use of IT to transmit requests
		to foreign Central Authorities.
	•	
		Please see our response to question 1.2 above with respect to cost implications for incoming requests and
		1.3 with respect to the certification of the service under
		Article 6 of the Convention.
	1	
		Les autorités gouvernementales canadiennes ne participent généralement pas à la transmission d'actes
		judiciaires à l'étranger en vertu de la Convention.
		Lorsque la Convention s'applique, les demandes de
		signification sont transmises par une autorité
		expéditrice canadienne, habituellement un avocat du
		secteur privé. Nous n'avons connaissance d'aucun problème rencontré par les autorités expéditrices
		canadiennes en ce qui concerne l'utilisation des TI et le
		fonctionnement de la Convention. Nous ne connaissons
		pas non plus leur pratique, le cas échéant, en ce qui
		concerne l'utilisation des TI pour transmettre des demandes aux Autorités centrales étrangères.
		demandes aux Autorites centrales etrangeres.
		Veuillez-vous reporter à notre réponse à la question 1.2
		ci-dessus en ce qui concerne les incidences financières
		des demandes reçues et à la question 1.3 concernant la
		certification de signification en vertu de l'article 6 de la Convention.
1.6	To what extent would Your State be in	Strongly in favour
	favour of a common electronic platform to be used by all Contracting	Somewhat in favour
	Parties in the operation of the Service	☐ Neutral
	Convention?	

	Somewhat against
	Strongly against
	Please explain your reasoning, if possible: Our
	opposition relates to the impact of operating such as
	system on the Hague Conference's budget and
	resources and on a shift of the Hague Conference's
	focus towards the operation of "systems" to the
	detriment of its legislative activities (by adding another
	system to those operated by the Conference in addition to iSupport and the possible development of a system
	to transfer support payments). In addition, we question
	whether such a system would be widely used.
	Notre opposition porte sur l'impact du fonctionnement
	d'un tel système sur le budget et les ressources de la
	Conférence de La Haye et sur un déplacement de
	l'attention de la Conférence de La Have vers le
	fonctionnement de " systèmes " au dètriment de ses
	activités législatives (en ajoutant un autre système à ceux gérés par la Conférence en plus de iSupport et le
	développement possible d'un système de transfert des
	pensions alimentaires). En outre, nous nous demandons
	si un tel système serait largement utilisé.
1.7 What, if any, particular challenges does	Internal law limitations
Your State envisage in relation to the	Judicial or administrative structures
possible use of a common electronic platform to be used by all Contracting	Implementation challenges
Parties in the operation of the Service	(e.g. lack of resources)
Convention?	Costs
(Please select all that apply)	Selection of the appropriate technology
	System interoperability / compatibility
	Security concerns
,,,,,,	
	Cooperation with other Contracting Parties
	Other challenges
	Please specify: See also our response to question
	1.6.
(0)	The existence of a platform would not necessarily
	The existence of a platform would not necessarily remove legal barriers that may be present in some
	Contracting Parties for the use of IT to transmit
	requests for service abroad or to execute foreign
	requests.
	The Convention does not contain any provision
	requiring the use of such a platform and it is unclear
	whether an eventual platform would be used by a sufficient number of Contracting Parties to justify the
	cost of its operation.
	'
	The transmission of requests electronically would have
	cost implications for CAs (see response to question 1.2).

The platform could raise issues with respect to the collection of costs (in states, such as Canada, that require the prepayment under Article 12).

Voir également notre réponse à la question 1.6.

L'existence d'une plate-forme n'éliminerait pas nécessairement les obstacles juridiques qui peuvent exister dans certaines Parties contractantes en ce qui concerne l'utilisation des TI pour transmettre des demandes de signification ou de notification à l'étranger ou pour exécuter des demandes étrangères.

La Convention ne contient aucune disposition exigeant l'utilisation d'une telle plate-forme et il n'est pas clair si une plate-forme serait utilisée par un nombre suffisant de Parties contractantes pour justifier le coût de son fonctionnement.

La transmission électronique des demandes aurait des répercussions financières pour les AC (voir la réponse à la question 1.2).

La plateforme pourrait soulever des problèmes en ce qui concerne la perception des coûts (dans les États, comme le Canada, qui exigent le paiement anticipé en vertu de l'article 12).

Service: Transmission of Requests				
1.8 What is the status of the use of information technology in Your State for the transmission of requests for service under the main channel (i.e. to the Central Authority, Art. 5(1)(a))?		Final stag mpleme Jnder co	ges of im ntation insiderat	ed and operational aplementation in progress tion consideration
Canada does not have a national system for the transmission of requests under the main channel using information technology. We are not aware of the practice, if any, of Canadian forwarding authorities with respect to the use of IT to send requests to foreign Central Authorities. As noted elsewhere, Canadian forwarding authorities are generally lawyers in private practice.				
Le Canada ne dispose pas d'un système national pour la transmission des demandes par la voie principale. Nous ne sommes pas au courant de la pratique, le cas échéant, des autorités expéditrices canadiennes en ce qui concerne l'utilisation de la TI pour envoyer des demandes aux Autorités centrales étrangères. Comme nous l'avons mentionné ailleurs, les autorités expéditrices canadiennes sont généralement des avocats en pratique privée.			3	
1.9 What is the status of the use of information technology in Your State for the transmission of requests for	Art. 10(a)	Art. 10(b)	Art. 10(c)	
service under <u>the alternative channels</u> (Art. 10)?				Fully implemented and operational
				Final stages of implementation
W G				Implementation in progress
				Under consideration
				Not (yet) under consideration
			$\boxtimes$	Unknown
				Not applicable
1.10 What type of electronic transmission does Your State use, or would consider using for requests for service under the main channel?	E	•	ecured/e c transm State au	•
Distributed ledger technology (DLT): A	I	•		

database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where		Electronic transmission platform administered by a private service provider
transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node		Please provide details:
independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction		Electronic transmission using digital ledger technology
by achieving consensus on its authenticity.		Please provide details:
Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well- known of the various forms of DLT.	$I_{\Box}$	Other
		Please provide details:
Canadian Central Authorities are not		ricuse provide details.
currently considering the acceptance of		
electronic transmission for incoming		
requests under the main channel. Some		
Central Authorities have noted that they will		
accept corrected request forms by email		
after receiving a paper original.		
It is not known if requests are transmitted		
electronically by Canadian forwarding		
authorities (please see our response to		
question 1.5 above).		
Les Autorités centrales canadiennes		
n'envisagent pas actuellement d'accepter la		<b>\ \ \ \ \ \ \</b>
transmission électronique des demandes reçues par le canal principal. Certaines		
Autorités centrales ont indiqué qu'elles		
accepteront les formulaires de demande		
corrigés par courrier électronique après		
réception d'un original papier.		
On ne sait pas si les demandes sont		
transmises par vote électronique par les		
autorités expéditrices canadiennes (voir		
notre réponse à la question 1.5 ci-dessus).		
1.11 On average, approximately what		100%
percentage of requests for service		
transmitted electronically by other		75%
Contracting Parties does Your State	Ш	50%
accept?		25%
(Places valued the estimated		0%
(Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)		Unknown
percentage down, if applicable)		Not applicable
1.12 Since 2014, on average, approximately		100%
what percentage of requests for	片	
service <b>received</b> by Your State were	ᄖ	75%
transmitted electronically by	IШ	50%
forwarding authorities of other		25%
Contracting Parties?	$\boxtimes$	0%

(Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)	☐ Unknown ☐ Not applicable
	If possible, please provide the number of requests for service that were received per year, and the name(s) of the main Contracting Parties from which these were received:
	2014: ; most received from:
	2015: ; most received from:
	2016: ; most received from:
	2017: ; most received from:
	2018: ; most received from:
1.13 If the Central Authority of Your State has received requests for service transmitted electronically under the Service Convention, on average, what percentage of the documents received are subsequently served electronically?  (Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)	☐ 100% ☐ 75% ☐ 50% ☐ 25% ☐ 0% ☐ Unknown ☑ Not applicable If possible, please provide details as to how the documents are subsequently served:
1.14 What is the status of the	
implementation of an electronic case management system in Your State for incoming and outgoing requests for service issued pursuant to the Service Convention?  Electronic case management system: A system that enables casework and related workflows to be followed and managed through electronic communication of information between the individuals concerned (incl. staff, as well as parties and their representatives in some cases).	Under consideration  Not (yet) under consideration
1.15 What type of electronic case management system does Your State use, or would consider using for incoming and outgoing requests for service issued pursuant to the Service Convention?	Case management system administered by a public/State authority Please provide details:  Case management system administered by a private service provider
Electronic case management system: A system that enables casework and related workflows to be followed and managed through electronic communication of information between the individuals concerned (incl. staff, as well as parties and their representatives in some cases).	Please provide details:  Case management system using digital ledger technology Please provide details:  Other Please provide details:

116	Distributed ledger technology (DLT): A database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction by achieving consensus on its authenticity. Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well-known of the various forms of DLT.	
1.16	If Your State uses an electronic case management system for incoming and outgoing requests for service issued pursuant to the Service Convention, which of the following best describes the system?  Electronic case management system: A system that enables casework and related workflows to be followed and managed through electronic communication of information between the individuals concerned (incl. staff, as well as parties and their representatives in some cases).	Fully electronic system (requests for service stored electronically, electronic display of the progress of the forwarded or received requests for service etc.)  Part of the procedure for issuance or execution of requests for service is done electronically  Electronic database of mainly paper requests and related procedures  Not applicable  Additional comments: Some Canadian Central Authorities have indicated that they use electronic systems for record-keeping purposes.  Certaines Autorités centrales canadiennes ont indiqué qu'elles utilisent des systèmes électroniques à des fins de renue de dossiers.

Service: Execution of Requests	
1.17 In 2018, on average, approximately what percentage of requests for service received by Your State under the Service Convention led to service being performed/effected using information technology?  (Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)	<ul> <li>☐ 100%</li> <li>☐ 75%</li> <li>☐ 50%</li> <li>☐ 25%</li> <li>☒ x 0%</li> <li>☐ Unknown</li> <li>☐ Not applicable</li> </ul>
1.18 When competent authorities of Your State execute requests for service transmitted electronically by another Contracting Party under the Service Convention, in approximately what percentage of instances is the certificate of service then returned electronically to the applicant (Art. 6)?  (Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)  Some Canadian Central Authorities have indicated that they transmit certificates of service electronically upon request.  Certaines Autorités centrales canadiennes ont indiqué ru'elles transmettent les centrales de signification par voix électronique sur demande.	☐ 100% ☐ 75% ☐ 50% ☐ 25% ☐ 0% ☐ Unknown ☑ Not applicable If possible, please provide details as to how the certificate of service establishing execution is returned:
1.19 In 2018, what was the approximate percentage (on average) of requests received by Your State in which the foreign forwarding authority requested service be performed electronically under the Service Convention (Art. 5 (1) b))?  (Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)  Distributed ledger technology (DLT): A database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction by achieving consensus on its authenticity. Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well-known of the various forms of DLT.	☐ 100% ☐ 75% ☐ 50% ☐ 25% ☑ x 0% ☐ Unknown ☐ Not applicable If possible, please provide the following details: Number of such requests: Main Contracting Parties from which such requests were received: Technology(ies) requested: ☐ Electronic service by private e-mail ☐ Electronic service by private social media account Please provide details:

	Electronic service by public/State-administered email account Please provide details:  Service by electronic platform of a private provider Please provide details:  Service by electronic platform of a public/State authority Please provide details:  Service using distributed ledger technology Please provide details:  Other
1.20 Please indicate whether Your State would accept requests of foreign forwarding authorities seeking service to be performed by each of the following methods (under (Art. 5 (1) b)?  Distributed ledger technology (DLT): A database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction by achieving consensus on its authenticity. Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well-known of the various forms of DLT.  Few requests to serve deservents electronically have been presented to Canadian Central Authorities. Generally, Canadian Central Authorities have indicated nat they are not in a position to effect service electronically.  Peu de lemandes de signification électronique ont été présentées aux Autorités centrales canadiennes. En géneral, les Autorités centrales canadiennes ont indiqué qu'elles ne sont pas en mesure d'effectuer la signification parquie électronique.	Please Specify:  Electronic service by private e-mail.  Yes No Unknown Not applicable  Electronic service by private social media account.  Yes No Unknown Not applicable  Electronic service by public/State-administered email account.  Yes No Unknown Not applicable  Service by electronic platform of a private provider.  Yes No Unknown Not applicable  Service by electronic platform of a public/State authority.  Yes No Unknown Not applicable  Service using distributed ledger technology.  Yes No Unknown Not applicable  Other (Please specify ):
1.21 If Your State <b>refuses</b> requests from other Contracting Parties to use information technology in performing service on your territory, what is/are the main reason/s for such a refusal?  (Please select all that apply)	Use of technology is prohibited by internal law Use of technology is not provided for in internal law Use of technology is not possible as there is no compatible system in Your State Use of technology is too resource-intensive

		<ul><li>☐ The authority/ies lacks familiarity with the use of the requested technology</li><li>☐ Other</li></ul>
		Please Specify: Costs, policy preference, Coûts, préférence de politique générale
1.22	If Your State <b>performs</b> service electronically, what type of information technology is used? (Please select all that apply)  Distributed ledger technology (DLT): A database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction by achieving consensus on its authenticity. Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well-known of the various forms of DLT.	<ul> <li>□ Electronic service by private e-mail</li> <li>□ Electronic service by private social media account</li> <li>□ Electronic service by public/State-administered email account</li> <li>□ Service by electronic platform of a private provider</li> <li>□ Service by electronic platform of a public/State authority</li> <li>□ Service using distributed ledger technology</li> <li>□ Other</li> <li>□ Not applicable</li> </ul>
		If possible, please provide additional information, e.g. including the methods used, relevant security standards and acknowledgement of receipt mechanisms:
1.23	In 2018, what was, on average, the approximate percentage of requests sent by Your State in which your forwarding authority requested service be performed electronically under the Service Convention (Art. 5(1) b))?  (Please round the estimated percentage down, if applicable)  Distributed ledger technology (DLT): A database held by participants (or nodes) in a decentralised network, where transactions and records are processed, saved and replicated by each node independently and shared with the other nodes, seeking to validate the transaction by achieving consensus on its authenticity. Blockchain is perhaps one of the most well-known of the various forms of DLT.	75%  50%  0%  Unknown  Not applicable  If possible, please provide the following details:  Number of such requests:  Main Contracting Parties to which such requests were sent:  Technology(ies) requested:  Electronic service by private e-mail  Electronic service by private social media account  Please provide details:  Electronic service by public/State-administered email account  Please provide details:  Service by electronic platform of a private provider  Please provide details:

	Service by electronic platform of a public/State authority Please provide details: Service using distributed ledger technology Please provide details: Other Please Specify:
1.24 If requests for service State seeking the use technology have been other Contracting was/were the main reasuch a refusal?  (Please select all that application of transmitted electronication forwarding authorities response to question Consequently, it is whether such requests refused.  On ne sait pas si les der transmises par voie él les autorités expéditric (voir notre réponse à la dessus). Par conséquen non plus si ces deréchéant, ont été refusé	of information refused by arties, what on/s given for ply)  Use of technology is not provided for in internal law law law law law law law law law l

# PART 2: STATISTICAL DATA AND OVERALL EFFICIENCY OF THE SERVICE CONVENTION

General Satisfaction	
2.1 How does Your State rate the general operation of the Service Convention?	Excellent
	Good
	Satisfactory
	Somewhat unsatisfactory
	Completely unsatisfactory
	☐ Not applicable
	Comments:
Outside of the Service Convention	
2.2 Outside the Service Convention, what is the applicable procedure if an interested person from another jurisdiction wishes to perform service on someone located in the territory of Your State?	<ul> <li>□ Procedure provided by internal law Please provide details (including full reference to the applicable legislation or caselaw):</li> <li>□ Procedure provided by bilateral</li> </ul>
(Please select all that apply)	agreement(s)  Please provide details (including full
	reference to the applicable agreement/s):  To view the bilateral treaties regarding judicial coperation in civil and commercial matters that are in force for Canada, please visit http://www.accord-treaty.gc.ca/ under the headings  "Bilateral" and "Judicial Co-operation (civil and commercial)".https://www.treaty-accord.gc.ca/text-texte.aspx?id=100690  Procedure provided by multilateral agreement(s) Please provide details (including full reference to the applicable agreement):  Other procedure (such as consular channels) Please provide details: Canadian law does not prohibit the service of foreign judicial documents by consular officers or private individuals, provided that no element of compulsion is used.  Le droit canadien n'interdit pas la signification d'actes judiciaires étrangers par des fonctionnaires consulaires ou des

particuliers, à condition qu'aucun élément de contrainte ne soit utilisé.



## 2.3 Statistical Data

2.3.1 Service Convention (Main Channel, Art. 5(1))

	Incoming	Incoming	Incoming	Outgoing	Outgoing	Outgoing
	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests
	Number	Average	Top 3	Number	Average	Top 3
	(exact or	Timeframe for	Forwarding	(exact or	Timeframe for	Requested
	average)	Execution	Contracting	average)	Execution	States
		(months)	Parties		(months)	
2013				* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2014				* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2015				* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2016				* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2017				* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2018				* unknown	* unknown	* unknown

## 2.3.2 Internal Law

	Incoming	Incoming	Incoming	Outgoing	Outgoing	Outgoing
	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests
	Number	Average	Top 3	Number	Average	Top 3
	(exact or	Timeframe for	Forwarding	(exact or	Timeframe for	Requested
	average)	Execution	Contracting	average)	Execution	States
		(months)	Parties		(months)	
2013	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2014	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2015	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	▶ unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2016	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2017	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown
2018	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown	* unknown

2.3.3 Bilateral Agreement(s)						
	Incoming	Incoming	Incoming	Outgoing	Outgoing	Outgoing
	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests
	Number	Average	Top 3	Number	Average	Top 3
	(exact or	Timeframe for	Forwarding	(exact or	Timeframe for	Requested
	average)	Execution	Contracting	average)	Execution	States
		(months)	Parties		(months)	
2013				N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	A O			N/A	N/A	N/A
2015				N/A	N/A	N/A
2016				N/A	N/A	N/A
2017				N/A	N/A	N/A
2018				N/A	N/A	N/A

2.3.4 Multilateral Agreement(s) (Other than the HCCH Conventions)

Incoming Incoming		Incoming	Outgoing	Outgoing	Outgoing	
	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests
	Number	Average	Top 3	Number	Average	Top 3
	(exact or	Timeframe for	Forwarding	(exact or	Timeframe for	Requested
	average)	Execution	Contracting	average)	Execution	States
		(months)	Parties		(months)	
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# 2.3.5 Other Procedure (such as consular channels)

	Incoming	Incoming	Incoming	Outgoing	Outgoing	Outgoing
	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests	Requests
	Number	Average	Top 3	Number	Average	Top 3
	(exact or	Timeframe for	Forwarding	(exact or	Timeframe for	Requested
	average)	Execution	Contracting	average)	Execution	States
		(months)	Parties		(months)	
2013						
2014				5		
2015						
2016						
2017			1			
2018						

# **PART 3: PRACTICAL INFORMATION**

Con	tact details (the contact details provided in this	section	will be published on the HCCH website)
3.1	Is Your State a Contracting Party to the	$\boxtimes$	Yes
	Service Convention?		No
3.2	If Your State is a Contracting Party, are the		Yes
	contact details of the Central and competent Authority(ies) designated by		
	Your State up to date on the Service Section	Info or	n website is up-to-date
	of the HCCH website?		No
	See <u>Conclusion and Recommendation</u> No 4 of the 2014 meeting of Special Commission.		Please provide the contact details below:
	Underson to control described follows	Centra	al Authority/ies:
	Updates to contact details to follow.	Addre	SS:
		Teleph	none:
		Fax:	
		E-mail	
		Gener	al website:
		Conta	ct person:
		Langu	ages spoken by staff:
			Not Applicable
3.3	If Your State is a Contracting Party, have		Yes
	details of which authority(les) are competent to forward requests for service under Article 3 been provided?		No
			Please specify the authorities competent to forward requests under Article 3 below:
	See Conclusion and Recommendation No 21 of		Not Applicable
	the 2009 meeting of Special Commission.		Тостирисанс
3.4	If Your State is a Contracting Party, is the		Yes
	practical information chart available on the Service Section of the HCCH website up to		No
	date?		Please provide the updates to the chart using the template available <a href="here">here</a> .
	See Conclusion and Recommendation No 4 of		There is no practical information chart for
	the 2014 meeting of Special Commission.		Your State
	Updates to practical information to follow		Please complete one using the template available here.
			Not Applicable
			Not Applicable